# §42.12

## IMMIGRANTS—Continued

Symbol	Class	Section of law
SN3	Certain unmarried sons or daughters of NATO6 civilian employ-	101(a)(27)(L) & 203(b)(4).
SN4	Certain surviving spouses of deceased NATO6 civilian employ- ees.	101(a)(27)(L) & 203(b)(4).
SP	Alien Beneficiary of a petition or labor certification application filed prior to September 11, 2001, if the petition or application was rendered void due to a terrorist act of September 11, 2001. Spouse, child of such alien, or the grandparent of a child orphaned by a terrorist act of September 11, 2001.	Section 421 of Public Law 107–56.
SR1 SR2	Certain Religious Workers  Spouse of SR1	101(a)(27)(C)(ii)(II) & (III) as amended, & 203(b)(4).
		101(a)(27)(C)(ii)(II) & (III) as amended, & 203(b)(4).
SR3	Child of SR1	101(a)(27)(C)(ii)(II) & (III) as amended, & 203(b)(4).
	Employment 5th Preference (Employment Creation	Conditional Status)
C51	Employment Creation OUTSIDE Targeted Areas	203(b)(5)(A).
C52	Spouse of C51	203(d) & 203(b)(5)(A).
C53 T51	Child of C51	203(d) & 203(b)(5)(A). 203(b)(5)(B).
T52	Spouse of T51	203(d) & 203(b)(5)(B).
T53	Child of T51	203(d) & 203(b)(5)(B).
R51	Investor Pilot Program, Not in Targeted Area	203(b)(5) & Sec. 610 of the Departments of
R52	Spouse of R51	ary and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1993 (Pub. L. 102–395), as amended. 203(d) & 203(b)(5) & Sec. 610 of the Depart- ments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary and Related Agencies Appro- priations Act, 1993 (Pub. L. 102–395), as amended. 203(d) & 203(b)(5) & Sec. 610 of the Depart-
	Investor Pilot Program, in Targeted Area	ments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1993 (Pub. L. 102–395), as amended. 203(b)(5) & Sec. 610 of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judici-
l52	Spouse of I51	ary and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1993 (Pub. L. 102–395), as amended. 203(d) & 203(b)(5) & Sec. 610 of the Depart- ments of Commerce, Justice, and State,
153	Child of I51	the Judiciary and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1993 (Pub. L. 102–395), as amended. 203(d) & 203(b)(5) & Sec. 610 of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1993 (Pub. L. 102–395), as amended.
	Other Numerically Limited Categori Diversity Immigrants	es
DV1	Diversity Immigrant	202(a)
DV1	Spouse of DV1	203(c). 203(d) & 203(c).
DV3	Child of DV1	203(d) & 203(c).
		(-) 200(0).

[73 FR 14931, Mar. 20, 2008]

## $\S 42.12$ Rules of chargeability.

(a) *Applicability*. An immigrant shall be charged to the numerical limitation for the foreign state or dependent area

of birth, unless the case falls within one of the exceptions to the general rule of chargeability provided by INA 202(b) and paragraphs (b) through (e) of this section to prevent the separation

of families or the alien is classifiable under:

- (1) INA 201(b);
- (2) INA 101(a)(27) (A) or (B);
- (3) Section 112 of Public Law 101-649;
- (4) Section 124 of Public Law 101-649;
- (5) Section 132 of Public Law 101-649;
- (6) Section 134 of Public Law 101-649; or
- (7) Section 584(b)(1) as contained in section 101(e) of Public Law 100-202.
- (b) Exception for child. If necessary to prevent the separation of a child from the alien parent or parents, an immigrant child, including a child born in a dependent area, may be charged to the same foreign state to which a parent is chargeable if the child is accompanying or following to join the parent, in accordance with INA 202(b)(1).
- (c) Exception for spouse. If necessary to prevent the separation of husband and wife, an immigrant spouse, including a spouse born in a dependent area, may be charged to a foreign state to which a spouse is chargeable if accompanying or following to join the spouse, in accordance with INA 202(b)(2).
- (d) Exception for alien born in the United States. An immigrant who was born in the United States shall be charged to the foreign state of which the immigrant is a citizen or subject. If not a citizen or subject of any country, the alien shall be charged to the foreign state of last residence as determined by the consular officer, in accordance with INA 202(b)(3).
- (e) Exception for alien born in foreign state in which neither parent was born or had residence at time of alien's birth. An alien who was born in a foreign state, as defined in §40.1, in which neither parent was born, and in which neither parent had a residence at the time of the applicant's birth, may be charged to the foreign state of either parent as provided in INA 202(b)(4). The parents of such an alien are not considered as having acquired a residence within the meaning of INA 202(b)(4), if, at the time of the alien's birth within the foreign state, the parents were visiting temporarily or were stationed there in connection with the business or profession and under orders or instructions of an

employer, principal, or superior authority foreign to such foreign state.

 $[52\ FR\ 42613,\ Nov.\ 5,\ 1987,\ as\ amended\ at\ 56\ FR\ 49681,\ Oct.\ 1,\ 1991]$ 

### Subpart C—Immigrants Not Subject to Numerical Limitations of INA 201 and 202

SOURCE: 56 FR 49676, Oct. 1, 1991, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 42.21 Immediate relatives.

- (a) Entitlement to status. An alien who is a spouse or child of a United States citizen, or a parent of a U.S. citizen at least 21 years of age, shall be classified as an immediate relative under INA 201(b) if the consular officer has received from DHS an approved Petition to Classify Status of Alien Relative for Issuance of an Immigrant Visa, filed on the alien's behalf by the U.S. citizen and approved in accordance with INA 204, and the officer is satisfied that the alien has the relationship claimed in the petition. An immediate relative shall be documented as such unless the U.S. citizen refuses to file the required petition, or unless the immediate relative is also a special immigrant under INA 101(a)(27) (A) or (B) and not subject to any numerical limitation.
- (b) Spouse of a deceased U.S. citizen. The spouse of a deceased U.S. citizen, and each child of the spouse, will be entitled to immediate relative status after the date of the citizen's death provided the spouse or child meets the criteria of INA 201(b)(2)(A)(i) or of section 423(a)(1) of Public Law 107-56 (USA Patriot Act) and the Consular Officer has received an approved petition from the DHS which accords such status, or official notification of such approval, and the Consular Officer is satisfied that the alien meets those criteria.
- (c) Child of a U.S. citizen victim of terrorism. The child of a U.S. citizen slain in the terrorist actions of September 11, 2001, shall retain the status of an immediate relative child (regardless of changes in age or marital status) if the child files a petition for such status within two years of the citizen's death pursuant to section 423(a)(2) of Public Law 107-56, and the consular officer has